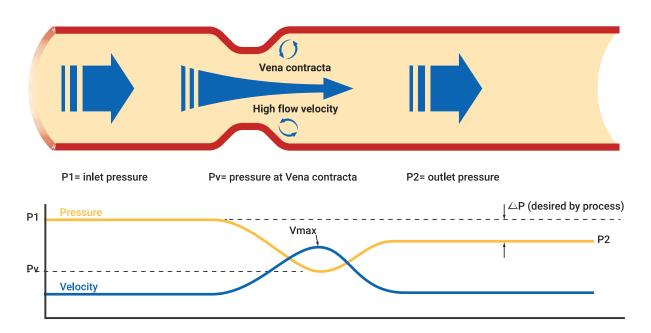


NON-METALLIC CONTROL VALVES FOR CORROSIVE CHEMICALS



TECHLINK®

FLOW CONTROL PRINCIPLE



In a control valve, the flow is forced through the control valve orifice by the pressure difference across the valve. The actual flow area is smallest at the point called the vena contracta.

Due to the reduction in flow area, a significant increase in flow velocity has to occur to give equal amounts of flow through the valve inlet area and vena contracta area. The energy for this velocity change is taken from the valve inlet pressure, which gives a typical pressure profile inside the valve.

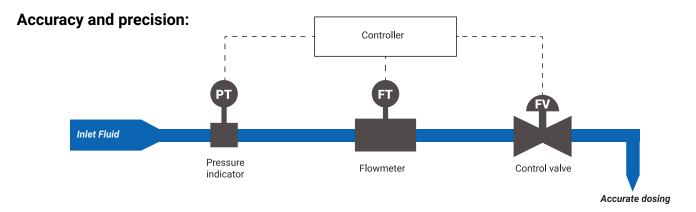
The pressure inside the valve drops as the effective flow area is reduced, up to the vena contracta point. After reaching the vena contracta point the velocity of the flow is reduced due to the fact that more flow area becomes available to the flow. Thus some of the pressure lost up to the vena contracta point is recovered.

The pressure recovery after the vena contracta point depends on the valve style and type.

The pressure difference (OP) between inlet (P1) and outlet (P2) of the valve is what allows the control of liquid flow.

Key points:

- Residual head loss is what we need to control the flow or the pressure
- Different types of control valves need different pressure drop for the same resulting ΔP
- High pressure drop means high velocity rise
- High flow velocity is damaging to the trim materials
- Low velocity means longer life
- Low-pressure recovery designs improve lifetime



Precision and accuracy of flow control can only be achieved with a control loop. This control loop is programmed integrating inputs and outputs of the flow control equipment.

VALVE MATERIAL

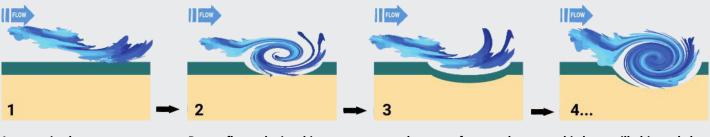
Where the flow velocity is high, corrosive chemicals cause unexpected kinds of damage to the materials. In the vena contracta, metals will show signs of erosion-induced corrosion, even if they are corrosion-resistant as piping or body materials. PFA or PTFE lining will erode quickly, particularly when the valve is used with a high delta-P. Once eroded, the base metal, usually cast iron, is quickly attacked, causing a severe leakage to the outside. TECHLINK non-metallic flow control valves are the longest lasting solution for controlling the flow of corrosive water based chemicals because no metals are used in the construction of the flow related components.

WHY NON-METALLIC MATERIALS?

The corrosion resistance of metals is generally appreciated in still fluids (static situation). But at high flow speeds and in the presence of turbulence, a process known as « erosion induced corrosion » starts destroying even the so-called « corrosion resistant » metals.

In such situation, solid polymers may offer an economic solution, that will outperform even topecial metals and other exotic materials.





A protective layer prevent stainless steel from corroding

Due to flow velocity, this layer is attacked leaving unprotected steel to corrosion

a new layer can form on the new steel surface

this layer will ultimately be eroded and more corrosion will occur.

BEST CHOICE IN POLYMER MATERIALS

Polymers are not equal when it comes to resisting high flow velocities, turbulence and erosion, as well as chemical attack. The table below shows the abrasion resistance of several polymers, as determined by the <code>TABERMASTM</code> D4060 test. The lower the figure, the better is the resistance.

Apart from polyamid, which cannot be used because of its low chemical resistance, the best abrasion resistant material is PVDF. This material should be preferred for all parts of the valve making up the εVena contracta

Key points:

- PVDF is best : Chemical resistance & Erosion resistance
- PPH or ECTFE is the best alternative where possible

Material	Weight loss (mg/1000 rev.) ASTM D4060, wheel CS-10			
PVDF homopolymer (SOLEF®)	5 - 10			
PVDF, SOLEF® 21508/31508	5 - 8			
PA 6 polyamid	5			
ECTFE, Halar®	13 🗸			
PP homopolymer	15 - 20 🗸			
PTFE	500 - 1000 - 🛕			
304 stainless steel	50			

When PVDF cannot be used for chemical reason, such as in concentrated hydroxides, then PPH and ECTFE are acceptable alternatives. It is readily seen that PTFE, which has the lowest abrasion resistance of all polymers, is the worst choice for contact with the flow in the Vena Contracta.

VALVE DESIGN

The range of TECHLINK compact control valves type CT covers flows of 5 liters/h to 10 m3/h under 1 bar ΔP , with either a linear response, or an Equal Percentage response.

GLOBE TYPE:

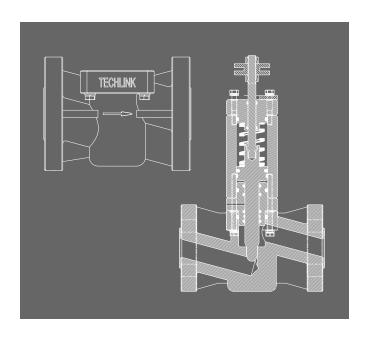
TECHLINK compact control valves type CT are globe valve design. This valve type is well regarded as the best design for control valves. this design has low acceleration in the flow restriction area, good sealing capability and great throttling. The extensive experience of TECHLINK in control valves brings an integrated actuator with double block stem seal, frictionless stem guide and leak detection.

Our improvement on plug disks; the needle design ensure excellent flow control and specific response curves.

COMPACT DESIGN:

The compact construction of TECHLINK model CT control valves is economic and lightweight. It greatly simplfies the installation structures needed and the maintenance work.

The one piece piston and disc design provides the most perfect mechanical link between the positioner and the throttling area, for the best precision and stability.

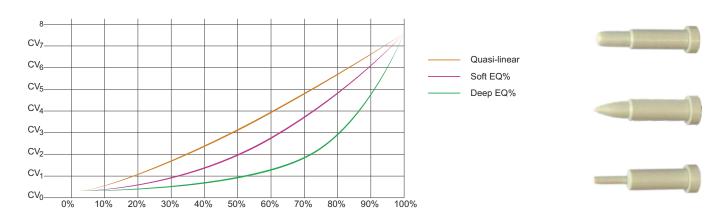




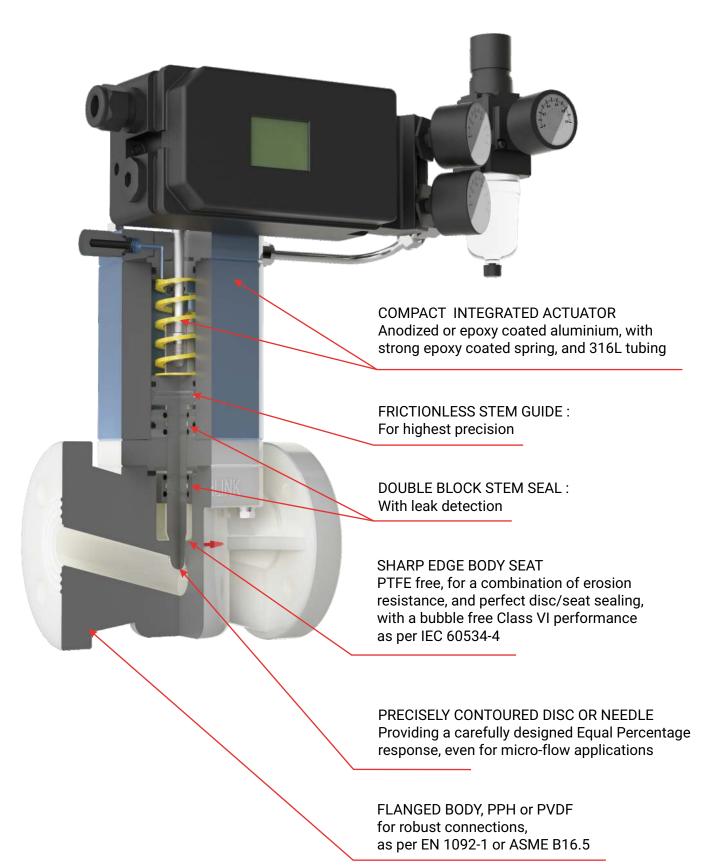
NEEDLE SHAPE:

For controlling small flow rates, solid polymer needle valves are best. CV values as low as 0.01 can b accurately controlled with optimum stability. Seat diameters of 4 mm up to 18 mm allows a wide range of flow to work with.

The needles profiles are carefully studied and designed to provide the desired flow characteristic curves.



ROBUST PRECISION DOSAGE WITH NO COMPROMISE

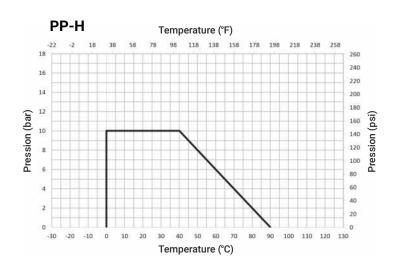


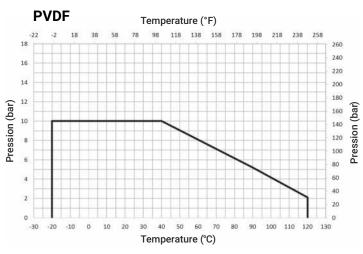
Flanges available to EN 1092-1-PN10, or to ASME B16.5 class 150

TECHNICAL DATA

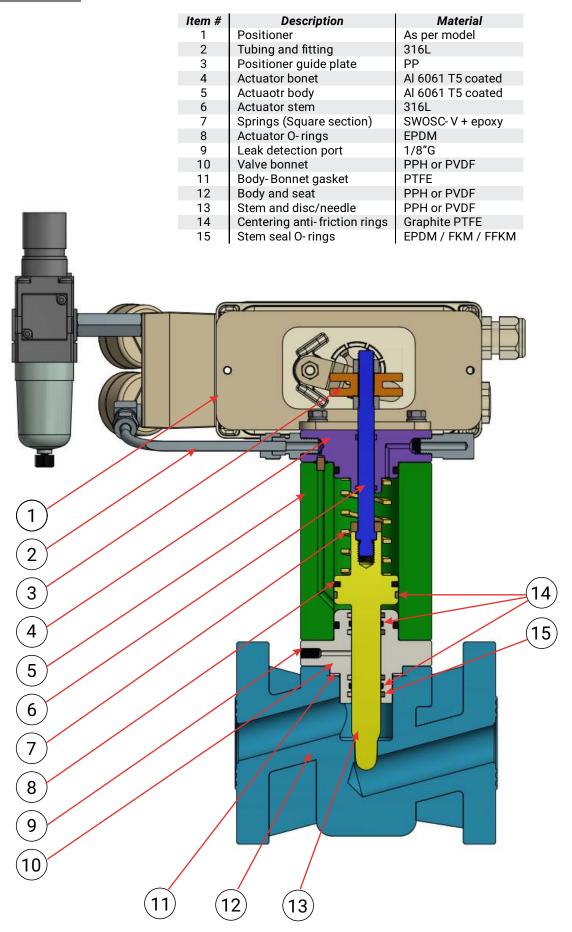
PRESSURE RANGE	VACUUM TO 1 Mpa G		
TEMPERATURE RANGE	-5°C to 80°C (PPH) 100°C (PVDF)		
CONNECTION STYLE	FLANGED		
CONNECTION SIZES	DN 15, DN 20, DN 25		
FLANGES STANDARDS	EN 1092-1 PN10 , or ASME B16.5 150#		
FACE-TO-FACE LENGTH	EN 558-1		
BODY MATERIALS	PPH, or PVDF		
DISC MATERIALS	PPH, or PVDF		
O-RINGS MATERIALS	EPDM or FKM or FFKM		
BOLTING, TUBING AND FITTINGS	316 L		
STEM PRIMARY SEAL	DOUBLE O-RING AND CENTERING RING		
STEM SECONDARY SEAL	DOUBLE O-RING AND CENTERING RING		
LEAK DETECTION PORT	1/8" G		
ACTUATOR TYPE	PISTON		
ACTUATOR CYLINDER MATERIAL	ALUMINIUM 6061 T5		
SPRING MATERIAL	SWOSC-V (ASTM A877) square section		
MIN. AIR PRESSURE REQUIRED	0.45 Mpa		
FAIL ACTION	OPEN, CLOSE, or DOUBLE ACTION		
POSITIONER TYPE	FLAP & NOZZLE		
POSITIONER (RECOMMENDED)	SAMSON 3725 or 3730		
TRIM TYPE	EQUAL % or LINEAR		
TIGHTNESS CLASS	CLASS VI (IEC 60534-4)		

PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE CURVES

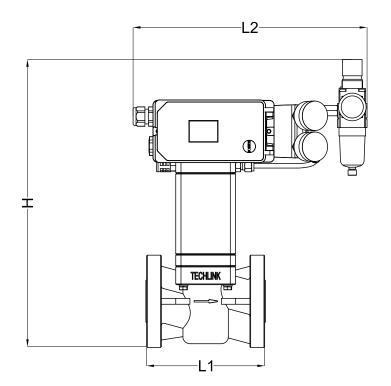


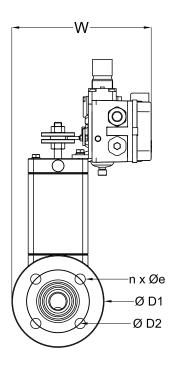


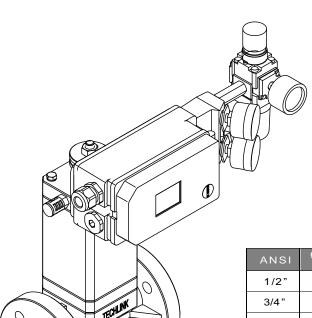
MATERIALS LIST



OVERALL DIMENSIONS







ANSI	ØD1 mm	ØD2 mm	Øe mm	n	H mm	L1 mm	L2 mm	W mm
1/2"	95	60.3	16	4	380	130	317	179
3/4"	105	70	16	4	385	150	317	184
1"	125	79.4	16	4	390	160	317	189

DIN	ØD1 mm	ØD2 mm	Øe mm	n	H mm	L1 mm	L2 mm	W mm
15	95	65	14	4	380	130	317	179
20	105	75	14	4	385	150	317	184
25	125	85	14	4	390	160	317	189

ASSEMBLY EXPERTISE

A TECHLINK non-metallic CT-Type control valve can be delivered with either a LINEAR characteristic or an EQUAL PERCENTAGE characteristic. All our models are tested on our test loop. Individual valves may, at the customer€ request, be loop-tested, and the test report delivered with the valve.

Our engineers will calculate the most suitable combination of orifice size and needle contour from the customer process data.

They will also advise on the best equipment suitable to the process:

To avoid undesirable stress and deformation of the valve structure, the associated accessories should be as light as possible. Whenever they exist, and except when they are prohibited by explosion zone rules, equipment with non-metallic bodies or casing are preferred. Heavy top-work needs to be supported and is not recommended.



POSITIONERS

TECHLINK control valves are normally fitted with SAMSON positioners type 3725 or 3730. Different options are available.

Model 3725 is recommended for its favourable cost and its corrosion-proof plastic casing.

Model s of the 3730 series are recommended for their options, and highest precision.

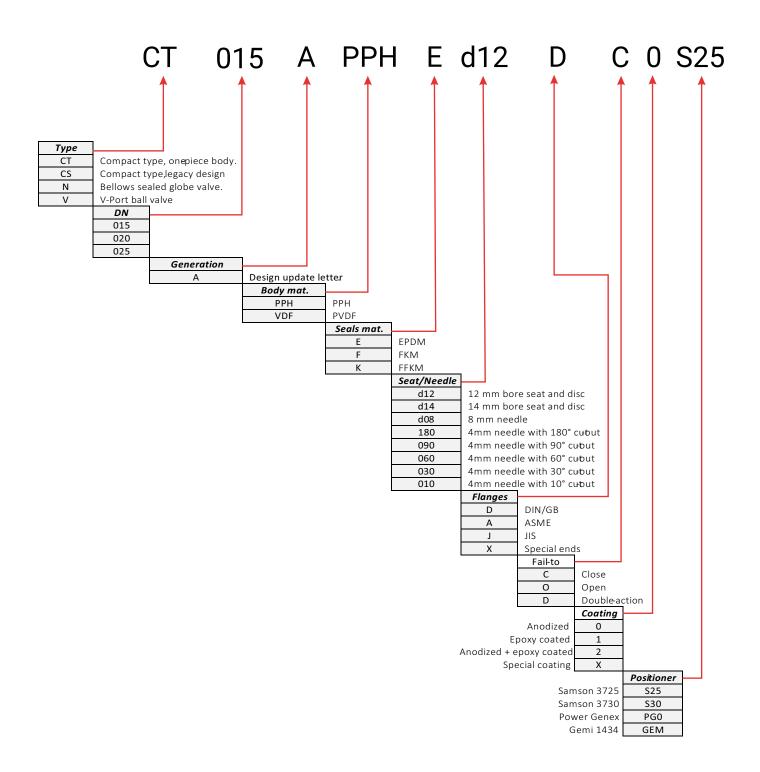
Positioners of ther brands are available on request, subject to prior testing and validation.

Positioner auto-tune, and valve functional testing is always performed on our valves, which are supplied tready to use A





TECHLINK FLOW CONTROL VALVES PRODUCT CODES











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